# Alabama Public Service Commission Telecommunications Division Engineering Section CENTRAL OFFICE QUALITY CHECKLIST

#### **SAFETY**

	References:
	A: RUS BULLETIN 1753-001 (form 522) B: ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TELEPHONE RULE T-21
	C. NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE ARTICLE 701
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1.	Are exit signs posted?
	YES_NO_
	Comments:
2.	Are exit routes clear?
	YES_NO_
	Comments:
3.	Are evacuation plan drawings posted?
	YES_NO_
	Comments:
1.	Are first aid kits available?
	YES_NO_
	Comments:
	Community.
5.	Are materials in First Aid Kit up to date?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	Comments:
5.	Is there emergency lighting?
	YES_NO_
	Comments:
7.	Is there fire protection of some kind?
	YESNO
	Comments:

**Safety Continued** 

8.	Are hand-held halon extinguishers utilized? Are they accessible and up to date?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
9.	Is there a fire alarm?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
10.	If so where does it alarm?
	Comments:
11.	Is there 911 or E911?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
12.	If so where is the E911 switch?
	Comments:
13.	What counties are served by this switch?
	Comments

RECTIFIERS

# References:

A: RUS BULLETIN 1751E-001 (FORM 522) B: ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TELEPHONE RULE T-21

1.	Are there spare chargers?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	If one charger is turned off, do other chargers assume the load?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	Are the charge alarms wired and are alarms initiated if the units are turned off?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
4.	Type chargersmodelcurrent capacity
	Comments:
5.	Do chargers have a manual on and off switch?
	YES_NO_ Comments:

# **BATTERIES**

	A: RUS BULLETIN 1753E-001 (Form 522) B: ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TELEPHONE RULE T-21 C. NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE ARTICLE 701
1.	Are straps clean and free of tarnish and corrosion?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	Are cells filled to proper level?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	Are battery records up to date?
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
4.	Do cells show cracking or warpage?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
5.	What are the brand of batteries and date installed?
	Comments:
6.	Are batteries lead antimony, calcium or Jell?
	Comments:
7.	Are there voltage reading across cells 1-24?
	YESNO Comments:
8.	Does above voltage reading approximate voltage shown on volt meter at power board?
	YES_NO_ Comments:

**Batteries Continued** 

9.	Do the batteries have a reserve capacity in ampere hours, less than four times the current capacity of the largest charger?
	YESNO Comments:
10.	Is the safety board up to date?
	YESNO Comments:

POWER BOARD

	A: RUS BULLETIN 1753E-001 (form 522)
1.	Does amp meter read approximately the same amount of current drain as the total amount indicated by all chargers collectively?
	YESNO Comments:

Reference:

SWITCH ROOM

	A. RUS BULLETIN 1751F-810 B. RUS BULLETIN 1753E-001 (Form 522).
	C. ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TELEPHONE RULE T-21
1.	Does the switch room appear clean, orderly and well kept?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	Are switch filters clean? If so how often are they cleaned?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	Is a trunking diagram available?
	YESNO Comments:
4.	What is the manufacture=s recommended temperature and humidity?
	minimummaximum
	Comments:
5.	What is the temperature and humidity in the switch room?
	Comments:
6.	Is the office equipped with an alarm sending unit of some type?
	YESNO Comments:
7.	Where are alarms monitored? (Example, service center, contractor, ect.)
	Comments:
8.	Is back up memory for the switch stored off site?
	YES_NO_ Comments:

# RINGING GENERATORS

**References:** 

	A. RUS BULLETIN 1753-001 (Form 522) B. ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TELEPHONE RULE T-21
1.	Is there redundant ringing?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	What type of ringing is utilized? (decimonic, synchomonic, harmonic)
	Frequency:Output voltage:
	Output Voltage.
	TRANSMISSION
1.	Is the DSX panel present and clearly marked?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	Are all carrier, fiber and DSA electronics within the same areas of the office?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	Are the transmission racks clearly identified as to their function?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
4.	Is the proper test equipment available for carrier, fiber and special service testing?
	YESNO Comments:

### **GENERATOR**

References:

A. REA BULLETIN 1751E-320

	B. NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE ARTICLE 700 C. ALABAMA PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION TELEPHONE RULE T-21
1.	Does the generator start?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	Are generator records current?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	Who is the manufacture of the generator and what is the kilowatt rating?
	Comments:
4.	Does the frequency meter work?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
5.	Is there a test switch to simulate a commercial power failure?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
6.	Is there a generator alarm and is it working?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	Main Distributing Frame (MDF)
1.	Do all protector strips have modules plugged into each cable pair?
	YES_NO_

	Comments:
2.	Are frame blocks covered?
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	If not, is there wire, trash, and other dirt present?
	YESNO Comments:
4.	Does frame look neat?
	YESNO Comments:
5.	Is maintenance bag available?
	YESNO Comments:
6.	Is general housekeeping good?
	YESNO Comments:

#### BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST

- 1. GROUNDING ELECTRODE SYSTEM/OPGP
- **A.** Check for suitable grounding electrodes:

1.	Ground rings or grids
	YESNO Comments:
2.	Ground rods or ground rod arrays
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
3.	Structural steel ground grids
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
4.	Well casings
	YESNO Comments:
5.	Any combination of the above. Other grounding electrodes are listed in NEC.
	YESNO Comments:
B.	Ring grounds or other approved buried ground arrays around the perimeter of the building are the preferred grounding electrodes. They should utilize:
1.	Number 2 AWG bare solid tinned copper buried at least 18 inches below grade.
	YESNO Comments:
2.	Eight foot, 5/8" stainless steel or copper-clad rods spaced 10 to 15 feet apart.
	YESNO Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
3.	All buried connections are exothermic welded or have approved compression connectors.
	YES_NO_ Comments:

Incidental grounds or electrodes should be bonded to the primary electrode; such as:

C.

1.	Water pipe bonded to the OPGP bus.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	Buried fuel tanks (unless cathodic protected).
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	Other exterior metallic objects that may pose a lightning or power fault hazard (i.e. engine exhaust stack, AC compressors, roof vents.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
D.	Office Principal Ground Point (OPGP)
1.	Should be located near the main commercial power service entrance and where other grounding electrodes enter the building, i.e. water pipe, other buried ground arrays, etc.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	The location of the OPGP ground bar should be accessible for inspection and maintenance and should be identified as the AOPGP≅. <b>NOTE:</b> It is recommended that in locations that are using the water pipe as the OPGP, a copper bar mounted on insulators should be installed on the wall close by.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	The minimum size of the OPGP bar should be: 1/4"x."x18".
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
4.	Check that all the required connections have been properly made to the OPGP bar, the following are typically required:
	YES_NO_ Comments:

A.	Connection to the central office grounding electrode system (ring ground, water pipe, other buried ground arrays, etc.)
	YES_NO_ Comments:
B.	Connection to AC neutral in the House Service Panel sized per NEC.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
C.	Connection to building steel or foundation ground grid
	YES_NO_ Comments:
D.	Connection to CO ground system. (horizontal and vertical equalizers):
	YESNO Comments:
5.	All connectors are two hole compression type terminated on a clean bright surface that has been treated with an anti-oxidant. Proper hardware has been used. Check connectors for tightness.
	YESNO Comments:
6.	145C type tags (or equivalent) denoting far end termination=s in place where required.
	YES_NO_ Comments:

### BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST

#### 2. AC SERVICE

- A. At the Main Service Entrance Panel verify the following:
- 1. Gapless type lightning arrestor(s) (MOV) are provided on the load side of the Main breaker. Leads should be as short and direct as possible (3' or less preferred). The arrestor is equipped for remote alarms and extended to the central office alarm system.

	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	The neutral and equipment ground bars are bonded together and referenced to the OPGP. The Grounding Electrode conductor should be connected as close as where the neutral and ground are bonded possible to this bond. <b>NOTE</b> : This is the only location where the neutral and ground for this system are bonded together in the office.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
B.	Check separately derived sources to assure the neutrals are grounded to the nearest ground reference (i.e. transformers, inverters)
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	CABLE ENTRANCE FACILITIES (CEF)
A.	All cables, including fiber optic cables with metallic members, shall have their sheaths bonded to the central office ground system at or near where they enter the cable vault/building.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
1.	All cable sheaths, including fiber optic cables with metallic members, are properly connected into the ground system with a #6AWG conductor or equivalent bonding ribbon. All fiber optic slack coils are on the C.O. side of the bond.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
2.	All connections are tight.
	YES_NO_ Comments:

B.

There must be a direct low impedance path between the CEF and the OPGP, and between the CEF and the

MDF. Check to assure that a minimum 1/0 AWG conductor is run between the CEF ground bar and the OPGP

	and the CEF and the MDF ground bar. NOTE: the 1/0 AWG may run to the COGB instead of the OPGP if the overall distance is not significantly increased.
	YESNO Comments:
C.	When isolation gaps are provided for corrosion protection, all field side shields are bonded together and all office side shields are bonded together. The office side shields are connected to the central office ground system in addition. Capacitors are always required across isolation gaps.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
4.	C.O. AINTEGRATED≅ GROUND SYSTEM
Α.	A C.O. ground system should be established by running the proper size conductor from OPGP to a column or wall mounted copper bus bar on each floor. Check the following:
	YES_NO_ Comments:
1.	Inspect the size of the vertical/horizontal equalizers:
	YES_NO_ Comments:
a.	4/0 AWG - up to 60 feet
b.	750 kcmil - all other and multi-story
2.	The vertical/horizontal equalizer is a direct continuous run from the OPGP.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
2	
3.	The vertical/horizontal equalizer shall have no sharp bends, no Achokes≅, PVC sleeve protection for floor/wall penetrations. Note: Cable holes 12"x24" are acceptable.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
4.	The vertical/horizontal equalizer shall not be run on a cable rack with other office cables. (Power, switchboard, alarm)

	YES_NO_ Comments:
В.	Inspect the C.O. ground bar(s). Verify that all conductors are properly terminated, tagged, and that all equipment requiring connection to the C.O. ground system is properly connected. The bar should be a minimum 1/4"x"x16" copper bar mounted on 2" insulators.
	YESNO Comments:
1.	Check the following typical connections:
a.	Minimum 2/0 AWG framework ground conductor for the principal power plant.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
b.	BDFB where the return bus is not insulated from the framework requires a 750 kcmil.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
c.	BDFB where the return bus is insulated from the framework requires a 2/0 AWG.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
d.	Electronic switching system MGB (ground window) requires a 750 kcmil conductor.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
e.	Protector frame (if not connected to the OPGP due to a shorter run) requires a 1/0 AWG minimum.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
f.	Cable Entrance Facility conductor (if not connected to the OPGP due to a shorter run) requires a 1/0 AWG minimum.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
g.	Power plant discharge ground bus for non-switch transport (toll) equipment requires a minimum 350 kcmil conductor.

	YES_NO_ Comments:_
h.	Engine room ground conductor (if not run to OPGP due to shorter run) required to be a #2 AWG minimum.
	YESNO Comments:
I.	Toll/Misc. equipment frame ground system: 2/0 AWG minimum main aisle grounding conductor for multiple line-ups. #2 AWG minimum for single line-up #6 AWG minimum for a single bay
	YES_NO_ Comments:
j.	Conductors from separately derived AC or DC sources.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	145C type (or equivalent) tags denoting far end termination on all conductors requiring same.
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
3.	All connectors are two hole compression type terminated on a clean bright surface that has been treated with an anti-oxidant. Proper hardware has been used. Check connectors for tightness.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
C.	Inspect the engine room ground system:
1.	Verify the standby engine room grounding. Engine chassis, control cabinet, day tank, battery stand, battery charger, shroud, intake/exhaust louvers, metal fuel piping, etc. should all be grounded to the engine room ground bar or a minimum #2 AWG conductor that is connected to the COGB or OPGP bar.
	YES_NO_
	Comments:

D.

Inspect the protector frame ground:

1.	Verify that there is electrical continuity along the entire length of the protector frame. Check for welded joints or a copper frame bus bar that extends the entire length of the frame.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	A overhead frame protector bus shall be bonded to the MDF ground bar (V-1) with a minimum 1/0 AWG conductor.
	YESNO Comments:
3.	The MDF framework shall be connected to the COG bar and the MGB (if on the same floor) with minimum 1/0 AWG conductor.
	YESNO Comments:
E.	Inspect power room framework ground system:
1.	A continuous 2/0 AWG conductor shall be run from the OPGP or COG bar on the same floor as the power plant to the main power line up, and then to the MGB in the Ground Window area.
	YESNO Comments:
2.	Individual power frames having distribution fuses or breakers of more than 100 amperes shall be connected to this 2/0 AWG conductor with a 2/0 AWG tap.
	YESNO Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
3.	Other power frames in the main power line up shall be tapped to the 2/0 AWG conductor with a #6 AWG, or larger, frame ground conductor.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	<del>-</del>
4.	Power frames and metallic battery stands in other line ups may be connected to the 2/0 AWG conductor with #6 AWG conductors, or to a #2 AWG collector conductor tapped down into individual bays or frames with a #6 AWG conductor.

5. C. C	D. AISOL	ATED≅ G	ROUND	<b>SYSTEM</b>
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A.	Establishment and maintenance of an isolated ground plane with all connections to ground via a Asingle point ground window≅ is critical to the operation of digital switches. Check for the following:
1.	All digital/electronic system framework is bonded together in accordance with system requirements and is isolated from the integrated ground plane (floor/integrated ironwork), except for connections at the ground window.
	YESNO Comments:
В.	A single MGB (ground window) has been established within one floor of any equipment which is part of the isolated ground plane (-48V power plant excluded). If power plant return bus is the MGB, refer to TR-NWT-000295 figures 5-7 and 5-8. Check the following:
1.	Ground window/MGB is clearly identified.
	YESNO Comments:
2.	All ground window connections are contained within a sphere with a maximum radius of three feet.
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
3.	Main ground bus (MGB) is an insulated copper bar. When parallel bars are furnished they must not be electrically tied together at both ends so as to form a loop.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
4	
4.	All required connections to the MGB have been made in proper sequence (compare to TR-NWT-000295, figure 5-3).
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
5.	All leads are properly terminated with two hole, compression type connectors on a clean, bright surface which has been treated with an anti-oxidant compound, and are tagged with a 145C type tag (or equivalent)
	YES_NO_ Comments:

6.	All parts of the isolated ground plane shall be located not more than one floor above or below the ground window, and no further than 100 feet horizontally from the ground window. The farthest member of the isolated ground plane can be no more than 200 conductor feet from the COG bar.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
С.	Inspect digital switch power return conductors:
	-48V return conductors serving the digital switch (PDC=s, etc.) Are run direct (not connected to the and closely paired with it=s associated -48V conductor.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
D.	Inspect shared power plant integrated ground power return conductors:
	All -48V return conductors serving integrated ground plane loads are routed Athrough≅ the ground window and bonded to the MGB. Should be paired with the -48V conductor.
	YES_NO_ Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
Е.	All AC circuits run to/from the isolated ground plane are installed in accordance with the NEC and system requirements: (not required in AC free switches which are the preferred BellSouth application).
1.	Installed in continuous metallic raceway with an ACEG (green wire) ground. (ACEG required for each branch circuit)
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	Run via ground window; raceway, ACEG and fitting (junction box) bonded to the MGB with a #6 AWG (3 conductor feet max).

	YESNO Comments:
3.	Isolation from walls, columns, ceiling and integrated ground plane equipment is maintained after connection at the ground window.
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
F.	All integrated metalwork within 6 feet of the isolated ground plane shall be bonded to the MGB to minimize surge potential differences for personnel protection. Such metalwork includes but is not limited to the following:
1.	Metallic stands and desk
	YESNO Comments:
2.	Equipment frames
	YESNO Comments:
3.	Ironwork
	YES_NO_ Comments:
4.	HVAC ducts
	YESNO Comments:
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
5.	Lighting fixtures YES_NO_
	Comments:
6.	Spare circuit pack cabinets in the integrated ground plane
	YES_NO_ Comments:
G.	Using a Clamp-on ammeter, check for AC/DC current flow in single grounding conductors which should not carry current. i.e. frame and logic grounding conductors.

	AC/DC current is less than 1 amp.
	YESNO Comments:
Н.	The following conductors should be a minimum of three feet from the isolated ground plane:
1.	Grounding conductor from the MGB/COG to the MDF
	YESNO Comments:
2.	Vertical/horizonal equalizers
	YES_NO_ Comments:
3.	Wave guides and coax from tower mounted antennas
	YES_NO_ Comments:
4.	Metallic raceways from other systems
I.	Local test cabinets, remote from the switch, shall be installed as part of the integrated ground plane. This will require that all external power supplies to the cabinet (-48V, 130V, ringing, etc.) Be provided from sources in the integrated ground plane.
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
J.	Shielded cables; check the following:
1.	Grounded only at one end (normally at the equipment end in the integrated ground plane)
	YESNO Comments:
2.	If required by system design to be grounded on both ends, each cable must be routed through the ground window and the shield bonded to the integrated side of the MGB.
	YESNO Comments:

6.	Tower Grounding System
A.	Check Exterior Bonds:
	YES_NO_ Comments:
1.	Bonding ring at tower base
	YESNO Comments:
2.	Tower ring bonded to exterior C.O. ground system
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
3.	Coaxial cables/waveguides bonded to tower
	YES_NO_ Comments:
4.	Coaxial cables/waveguides bonded to hatchplate
	YES_NO_ Comments:
5.	Roof hatchplates bonded to exterior ring bus
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
	BELLSOUTH CENTRAL OFFICE GROUNDING CHECKLIST
6.	Wall hatchplates bonded to exterior C.O. ground system
	YES_NO_ Comments:
7.	Tower lighting power supply conduit bonded to tower
	YESNO Comments:

B.	Check Interior Bonds:
1.	Hatchplates bonded to nearest COGB
	YES_NO_ Comments:
2.	PolyPhasers installed on all coaxial cables
	YESNO Comments:
3.	PolyPhasers bonded to appropriate ground
	YES_NO_ Comments:_
4.	Coaxial cables/waveguides bonded to hatchplate
	YESNO Comments:
5.	Radio equipment bonded to nearest COGB
	YES_NO_ Comments